ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Waxahachie Independent School District District No. 070-912

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Waxahachie Independent School District	Ellis	070-912
Name of School District	County	County District Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached finan and () approved () disapproved for the year ended of such school district on the day of		
Melina Sarnate, Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	of Board President

If the auditor's report was disapproved, the reason(s) therefore is are (attach list if necessary):



Michael G. Vail, CPA Charlie Park, CPA Matt P. Chen, CPA Charles T. Gregg, CPA Don E. Graves, CPA Dinesh Pai. CISA Members:
American Institute of CPAs (AICPA)
AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center (GAQC)
AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center (EBPAQC)
Texas Society of CPAs (TXCPA)

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of School Trustees

Waxahachie Independent School District

Waxahachie. Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waxahachie Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher that for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other mattes, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Example School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements and required TEA schedules, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2023, on our consideration of Waxahachie Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Waxahachie Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Waxahachie Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vail & Park, P.C. Richardson, Texas

Sail + Park, P.C.

January 17, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended August 31, 2022

As Management of Waxahachie Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2022. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$522,093) (deficit net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$11,995,791 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$29,244,667. Approximately 85% of this total amount (\$24,837,897) is unassigned and available for use within the District's fund balance policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$24,147,725 or 23% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 through 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District. The District has no component units for which it is financially accountable.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 25) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The required supplementary information provides information on the District's pension and OPEB plans. The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended August 31, 2022

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's net position (the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration.
 Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities-The District has programs in which it charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most
 of the cost of services it provides such as the child nutrition program, childcare fund, and an adult education program.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds - governmental and proprietary use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and for a scholarship fund. The District's fiduciary activity is reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 23 and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position on page 24. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis presents both current and prior year data and discusses significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended August 31, 2022

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from (\$13,529,129) to (\$3,930,069). Unrestricted net position of the District's governmental activities -the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements was (\$57,071,025) at August 31, 2022.

TABLE I NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 35,955,957 268,054,810 304,010,767	\$ 37,435,487 271,284,783 308,720,270	\$ 4,233,817 847,971 5,081,788	\$ 1,789,003 961,535 2,750,538	\$ 40,189,774 268,902,781 309,092,555	\$ 39,224,490 272,246,318 311,470,808	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	28,779,585	28,432,742	617,057	596,205	29,396,642	29,028,947	
Long-term Liabilities Due or Payable Within One Year Due or Payable After One Year Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,142,013 285,813,765 300,955,778 35,764,634	20,192,040 306,305,626 326,497,666 24,184,475	364,373 1,196,120 1,560,493 730,385	273,792 1,534,877 1,808,669 526,829	15,506,386 287,009,885 302,516,271 36,495,019	20,465,832 307,840,503 328,306,335 24,711,304	
Net Position: Net Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	49,047,911 4,093,054 (57,071,025) \$ (3,930,060)	39,180,600 4,455,029 (57,164,758) \$ (13,529,129)	847,971 - 2,559,996 \$ 3,407,967	1,177,399 - (166,154) \$ 1,011,245	49,895,882 4,093,054 (54,511,029) \$ (522,093)	40,357,999 4,455,029 (57,330,912) \$ (12,517,884)	

TABLE II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 418,918	\$ 353,984	\$ 2,087,309	\$ 1,489,713	\$ 2,506,227	\$ 1,843,697	
Operating Grants & Contributions	12,015,662	12,627,336	5,939,408	4,135,316	17,955,070	16,762,652	
Total Program Revenues	12,434,580	12,981,320	8,026,717	5,625,029	20,461,297	18,606,349	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	77,219,162	69,522,548	-	-	77,219,162	69,522,548	
State Aid Formula	39,713,805	43,741,776	-	-	39,713,805	43,741,776	
Investment Earnings	224,834	44,848	-	-	224,834	44,848	
Other	9,461,681	1,431,819	-	-	9,461,681	1,431,819	
Total General Revenue	126,619,482	114,740,991		-	126,619,482	114,740,991	
Total Revenues	139,054,062	127,722,311	8,026,717	5,625,029	147,080,779	133,347,340	
Expenses:							
Instruction	73,336,604	71,041,759	-	-	73,336,604	71,041,759	
Instruction Resources & Media	1,501,779	1,519,049	-	-	1,501,779	1,519,049	
Curriculum and Staff Development	2,344,542	1,971,390	-	_	2,344,542	1,971,390	
Instructional Leadership	2,859,915	2,632,367	-	-	2,859,915	2,632,367	
School Leasdership	7,001,917	6,439,860	-	-	7,001,917	6,439,860	
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation	4,849,826	4,378,111	-	_	4,849,826	4,378,111	
Health Services	1,485,376	1,407,457	-	_	1,485,376	1,407,457	
Student Transportation	3,450,354	3,648,292	-	_	3,450,354	3,648,292	
Food Services	72,378	684,847	5,033,275	4,686,650	5,105,653	5,371,497	
Extracurricular Activities	4,943,790	5,614,122	-	-	4,943,790	5,614,122	
General Administration	3,626,406	3,358,390	-	_	3,626,406	3,358,390	
Facilities Maintenance/Operations	10,700,414	9,533,371	-	_	10,700,414	9,533,371	
Security and Monitoring Services	1,799,468	1,729,080	_	_	1,799,468	1,729,080	
Data Processing Services	2,038,437	2,317,411	-	_	2,038,437	2,317,411	
Community Services	319,006	317,021	-	_	319,006	317,021	
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	8,486,301	9,519,579	-	_	8,486,301	9,519,579	
Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost	4,536	145,682	-	_	4,536	145,682	
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alt Ed	51,948		-	_	51,948	-	
Other Intergovernmenatal Charges	573,249	543,072	605,467	406,892	1,178,716	949,964	
Total Expenses	129,446,246	126,800,860	5,638,742	5,093,542	135,084,988	131,894,402	
Transfers	(8,747)	(361,030)	8,747	361,030			
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	9,599,069	560,421	2,396,722	892,517	11,995,791	1,452,938	
Beginning Net Position	(13,529,129)	(14,089,550)	1,011,245	118,728	(12,517,884)	(13,970,822)	
Ending Net Position	\$ (3,930,060)	\$ (13,529,129)	\$ 3,407,967	\$ 1,011,245	\$ (522,093)	\$ (12,517,884)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended August 31, 2022

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports a deficit balance in unrestricted net position, while reporting positive balances in net investment in capital assets and in restricted net position. The District's net position increased by \$11,995,791 during the current fiscal year.

During the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the following measures were taken to enable the District to maintain a sound financial position.

- The District's average daily attendance (ADA) increased by 256.739, or approximately 2.79%. Total state aid decreased 2.2% due to changes in student enrollment and in the state funding provided as a result of hold-harmless provisions related to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The District's General Fund expenditures increased 3.2% due primarily to increases in personnel costs due to increased positions required by higher enrollment and salary increases and an increase in capital outlay.
- The District's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate decreased from \$0.9815 per \$100 in valuation to \$0.9603 per \$100 in valuation. The interest and sinking (I&S) tax rate was unchanged at \$0.3839 per \$100 in valuation. The District's taxable property valuation increased approximately 12.29%.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$129,446,246. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was \$77,219,162 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$418,918) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$12,015,662).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12, reported a combined fund balance of \$29,244,667, which is \$2,194,083 less than last year's total of \$31,438,750. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$1,884,975 in the General Fund, and a \$7,662 increase in the Debt Service Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2021). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. These included increases in personnel costs and maintenance costs throughout the year. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$24,461,440 reported on pages 12 and 13 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$21,009,757 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 55. This is principally due to reduced state revenue as a result of lower attendance rates.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2022, the District's governmental activities had \$266,234,809 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net decrease of \$3,399,974 from the prior year.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$249,672,338 in bonds payable outstanding (including accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds) versus \$264,021,912 in the prior year, a decrease of \$14,349,574. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund) according to national rating agencies.

Additional information about the District's capital assets and long-term liabilities is presented on pages 37 - 39 of the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended August 31, 2022

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Total state aid is expected to increase slightly due to increased enrollment for the fall 2022 semester, provided that student attendance is better than the non-hold harmless attendance from the 2021-2022 school year.
- Expenditures are expected to rise approximately 4.07% due to higher personnel costs from salary increases and new positions added to accommodate enrollment growth and accelerated student instruction.
- The Maintenance and Operations (M&O) tax rate decreased from \$0.9603 per \$100 in valuation to \$0.9429 per \$100 in valuation. The 2022 adopted debt service tax rate (I&S) remained \$0.3839 per \$100 in valuation.
- The 2022-2023 general fund budget has revenues and expenditures totaling \$109,127,528 with no expected increase in fund balance.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at Waxahachie Independent School District, 411 N. Gibson Street, Waxahachie, Texas 75165, or at (972) 923-4631,

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



3

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

1 2

			1	Pri	mary Government		3
Data					Business		
Control		Go	overnmental		Туре		
Codes			Activities		Activities		Total
ASSE'	ΓS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,097,620	\$	3,684,103	\$	29,781,723
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,396,162		-		1,396,162
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(79,529)		-		(79,529)
1240	Due from Other Governments		7,531,526		259,499		7,791,025
1260	Internal Balances		516,082		-		516,082
1290	Other Receivables, Net		180,921		-		180,921
1300	Inventories		-		290,215		290,215
1410	Prepayments		313,175		-		313,175
	Capital Assets:						
1510	Land		15,762,929		-		15,762,929
1520	Buildings, Net		242,495,174		-		242,495,174
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		6,365,065		(1,874,498)		4,490,567
1540	Other Capital Assets, Net		-		2,722,469		2,722,469
1580	Construction in Progress		1,611,642		-		1,611,642
1800	Restricted Assets		1,820,000		-		1,820,000
1000	Total Assets		304,010,767		5,081,788		309,092,555
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		6,034,828		_		6,034,828
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		10,504,571		283,646		10,788,217
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		12,240,186		333,411		12,573,597
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		28,779,585		617,057		29,396,642
LIAB	ILITIES					_	
2110	Accounts Payable		694,986		29,764		724,750
2140	Interest Payable		372,356		-		372,356
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		245,217		(1,424)		243,793
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		6,252,454		218,162		6,470,616
2300	Unearned Revenue		22,000		117,871		139,871
	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:		7,555,000		-		7,555,000
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		242,117,338		_		242,117,338
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		13,951,745		391,495		14,343,240
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		29,744,682		804,625		30,549,307
2000	Total Liabilities		300,955,778		1,560,493		302,516,271
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		14,983,956		262,548		15,246,504
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		20,780,678		467,837		21,248,515
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		35,764,634		730,385	_	36,495,019
	POSITION						
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets		49,047,911		847,971		49,895,882
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	,	4,093,054		O T 1,3/1		4,093,054
3900	Unrestricted		(57,071,025)		2,559,996		(54,511,029)
3000	Total Net Position	•		•	3,407,967	•	(522,093)
3000	10m110t1 Oshon	\$	(3,930,060)	\$	3, 4 07,967	\$	(322,093)

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

				Program Revenues			
Data		1		3		4	
Control						Operating	
			C	harges for		Grants and	
Codes		Expenses		Services		ontributions	
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	73,336,604	\$	150,476	\$	7,399,111	
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	*	1,501,779	•		•	79,412	
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,344,542		_		562,668	
21 Instructional Leadership		2,859,915		_		-	
23 School Leadership		7,001,917		-		191,314	
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		4,849,826		_		1,622,533	
33 Health Services		1,485,376		_		· · ·	
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,450,354		_		528,773	
35 Food Services		72,378		-		-	
36 Extracurricular Activities		4,943,790		268,442		224,831	
41 General Administration		3,626,406		-		56,176	
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		10,700,414		-		1,296,474	
52 Security and Monitoring Services		1,799,468		-		54,370	
53 Data Processing Services		2,038,437		-		-	
61 Community Services		319,006		-		-	
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		8,486,301		-		-	
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		4,536		-		-	
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		51,948		-		-	
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		573,248		-		-	
[TG] Total Governmental Activities:		129,446,245		418,918		12,015,662	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
35 Enterprise Fund - National School Breakfast&Lunch		5,033,274		1,283,728		5,939,408	
01 WISD Child care CEnter		593,153		792,087		5,757,100	
02 Lighthouse for learning		12,314		11,494		-	
[TB] Total Business-Type Activities:		5,638,741		2,087,309		5,939,408	
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u> </u>	135,084,986	<u> </u>	2,506,227	<u> </u>	17,955,070	
r j	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	17,222,370	
Data							

Data	
Control	General Revenues:
Codes	Taxes:
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted
ΙE	Investment Earnings
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue
FR	Transfers In (Out)
TR	Total General Revenues & Transfers
CN	Change in Net Position
NB	Net Position - Beginning
NE	Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

(
6 7			8
	Prima	ry Government	
Governmental	Bu	siness-type	
Activities		Activities	Total
\$ (65,787,017)	\$	-	\$ (65,787,017)
(1,422,367)		-	(1,422,367)
(1,781,874)		-	(1,781,874)
(2,859,915)		-	(2,859,915)
(6,810,603)		-	(6,810,603)
(3,227,293)		-	(3,227,293)
(1,485,376)		-	(1,485,376)
(2,921,581)		-	(2,921,581)
(72,378)		-	(72,378)
(4,450,517)		-	(4,450,517)
(3,570,230)		-	(3,570,230)
(9,403,940)		-	(9,403,940)
(1,745,098)		_	(1,745,098)
(2,038,437)		_	(2,038,437)
(319,006)		_	(319,006)
(8,486,301)		-	(8,486,301)
(4,536)		-	(4,536)
(51,948)		-	(51,948)
(573,248)		-	(573,248)
(117,011,665)		-	(117,011,665)
-		2,189,862	2,189,862
-		198,934	198,934
		(820)	 (820)
		2,387,976	 2,387,976
(117,011,665		2,387,976	(114,623,689)
55,214,427		_	55,214,427
22,004,735		_	22,004,735
39,713,805		_	39,713,805
8,271,354		-	8,271,354
224,832		-	224,832
1,190,327		_	1,190,327
(8,747)		8,747	-
126,610,733		8,747	126,619,480
9,599,068		2,396,723	11,995,791
(13,529,129)	1	1,011,245	(12,517,884)
\$ (3,930,061)	\$	3,407,968	\$ (522,093)

WAXAHACHIE ISD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Contro	I	10 General	20 Major Special		50 Debt Service
Codes		Fund	Revenue Fund		Fund
AS	SETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 23,187,882	\$ -	\$	2,217,430
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	1,019,093	-		377,069
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(58,702)	-		(20,827)
1240	Due from Other Governments	4,387,634	1,242,288		-
1260	Due from Other Funds	3,237,422	-		-
1290	Other Receivables	125,296	-		55,625
1410	Prepayments	313,175	-		-
1800	Restricted Assets	 -	-		1,820,000
1000	Total Assets	\$ 32,211,800	\$ 1,242,288	\$	4,449,297
LIA	ABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 541,700	\$ -	\$	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	244,585	-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	5,981,684	-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds	-	1,242,288		-
2300	Unearned Revenue	22,000	-		-
2000	Total Liabilities	 6,789,969	1,242,288		-
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				_
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	960,391	-		356,242
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 960,391	-	_	356,242
FU	ND BALANCES				
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3430	Prepaid Items	313,715	_		_
	Assigned Fund Balance:	,			
3565	Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable	_	_		4,093,055
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	24,147,725	-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	 24,461,440	-	-	4,093,055
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 32,211,800	\$ 1,242,288	\$	4,449,297
			T		

 Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 692,308 - - 1,901,604 - - -	\$	26,097,620 1,396,162 (79,529) 7,531,526 3,237,422 180,921 313,175 1,820,000
\$ 2,593,912	\$	40,497,297
\$ 153,286 632 270,770 1,479,052 - 1,903,740	\$	694,986 245,217 6,252,454 2,721,340 22,000 9,935,997
-		1,316,633
-		1,316,633
- 690,172 690,172		313,715 4,093,055 24,837,897 29,244,667
 090,1/2	_	29,244,00/
\$ 2,593,912	\$	40,497,297

WAXAHACHIE ISD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 29,244,667
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$387,919,935 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$118,285,152). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of (\$232,338,708), are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	37,296,075
2 Current year capital outlays of \$5,663,167 and long-term debt principal payments of \$9,061,708 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	14,724,875
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$10,504,571, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of (\$14,983,956) and a net pension liability in the amount of (\$13,951,745). This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(18,431,130)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$12,240,186 a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of (\$20,780,678) and a net OPEB liability in the amount of (\$29,744,682). This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(38,285,174)
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(9,063,141)
6 Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not shown on the fund financial statements, but is shown on the government-wide financial statements. The effect of including accrued interest payable is to decrease net position.	(372,356)
7 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds are not included on the fund financial statements, but is included on the government-wide financial statements. The effect of including accreted interest is to decrease net position.	(10,513,165)
8 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(8,530,711)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (3,930,060)

AUGUST 31, 2022



WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Cont			10 General	20 Major Special		50 Debt Service
Code			Fund	Revenue Fund		Fund
	REVENUES:					
5700 5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	56,511,970 43,385,906 4,225,420	\$ - - 1,879,617	\$	22,081,969 265,754 108,079
5900	-				-	•
5020	Total Revenues		104,123,296	1,879,617		22,455,802
ŀ	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:		(1.075.650			
0011	Instruction		61,075,652	-		-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,307,345	-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,660,608	-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,642,981	-		-
0023	School Leadership		6,208,130	-		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		2,983,279	-		-
0033	Health Services		1,360,117	-		-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,089,025	528,773		-
0035	Food Services		24,677	-		-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		4,466,701	-		-
0041	General Administration		3,347,708	-		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,140,009	1,296,474		-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,721,032	54,370		-
0053	Data Processing Services		2,553,540	-		-
0061	Community Services Debt Service:		238,611	-		-
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		_	-		13,255,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		_	-		9,188,604
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		_	_		4,536
	Capital Outlay:					,
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		3,961,842	-		-
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		51,948			
0093	Other Intergovernmental Charges		573,248	-		-
6030	Total Expenditures		106,406,453	1,879,617	_	22,448,140
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	_	(2,283,157)		_	7,662
(Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	_				
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		406,929	_		_
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(8,747)	-		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	398,182	-	_	-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,884,975)			7,662
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		26,346,414	_		4,085,392
0100					_	.,505,572
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	24,461,439	\$ -	\$	4,093,054

		Total		
	Other	Governmental		
	Funds	Funds		
_	*			
\$	728,942 \$	79,322,881		
Ψ	538,909	44,190,569		
	8,868,271	15,081,387		
	10,136,122	138,594,837		
	7,419,989	68,495,641		
	209,994	1,517,339		
	562,668	2,223,276		
	-	2,642,981		
	191,314	6,399,444		
	1,622,533	4,605,812		
	-	1,360,117		
	_	3,617,798		
	_	24,677		
	224,831	4,691,532		
	56,176	3,403,884		
	-	10,436,483		
	_	1,775,402		
	_	2,553,540		
	-	238,611		
	_	13,255,000		
	_	9,188,604		
	_	4,536		
		4,530		
	165,386	4,127,228		
	-	51,948		
		573,248		
	10,452,891	141,187,101		
	(316,769)	(2,592,264)		
	-	406,929		
	-	(8,747)		
	-	398,182		
	(316,769)	(2,194,082)		
	1,006,944	31,438,750		
\$	690,175 \$	5 29,244,668		
Ψ	0,0,173 4	27,277,000		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(2,194,082)
Current year capital outlays of \$5,663,167 and long-term debt principal payments of \$9,061,706 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.		14,724,873
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(9,063,141)
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outlows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$2,916,270. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling (\$2,403,017). Finally, the porportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense (benefit) increased the change in net position by \$91,713. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.		604,966
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outlows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$687,773. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling (\$618,698). Finally, the porportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$509,485. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.		578,560
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not shown on the fund financial statements, but is shown on the government-wide financial statements. The effect of including accrued interest payable is to increase net position.		12,284
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds are not included on the fund financial statements, but is included on the government-wide financial statements. The effect of including accreted interest is to increase net position.	-	4,193,292
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.		742,316
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	9,599,068

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Child Total Nonmajor Nutrition Enterprise Enterprise Program Funds Funds ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,865,202 \$ 818,901 3,684,103 Due from Other Governments 259,499 259,499 Inventories 290,215 290,215 3,414,916 818,901 4,233,817 **Total Current Assets** Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment (1,761,224)(113,274)(1,874,498)District Defined Capital Assets 2,502,420 220,049 2,722,469 741,196 106,775 847,971 Total Noncurrent Assets 925,676 4,156,112 5,081,788 Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB 333,411 333,411 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pensions 283,646 283,646 617,057 617,057 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 28,917 847 29,764 Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable (48)(1,424)(1,376)Accrued Wages Payable 168,056 50,106 218,162 Unearned Revenues 110,795 7,076 117,871 306,392 57,981 364,373 **Total Current Liabilities** NonCurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability 391,495 391,495 Net OPEB Liability 804,625 804,625 1,196,120 1,196,120 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,502,512 57,981 1,560,493 Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB 467,837 467,837 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pensions 262,548 262,548 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 730,385 730,385 NET POSITION Unrestricted Net Position 2,540,272 867,695 3,407,967 2,540,272 \$ 867,695 3,407,967 Total Net Position

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Child Nutrition Program		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues		7,497 \$ 96,067	769,695 33,886	\$	1,747,192 339,953	
Total Operating Revenues	1,28	3,564	803,581		2,087,145	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Payroll Costs Professional and Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Depreciation Expense	2,69	6,344 10,294 14,909 7,152 14,575	508,759 10,878 52,378 11,697 21,755		2,555,103 111,172 2,747,287 18,849 206,330	
Total Operating Expenses		3,274	605,467		5,638,741	
Operating Income (Loss) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		9,710)	198,114		(3,551,596)	
Gain in Sale of Real and Personal Property National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Donated Commodities (USDA)	4,25	164 3,663 5,404 60,340	- - -		164 1,223,663 4,255,404 460,340	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	5,93	9,571	-		5,939,571	
Income Before Transfers	2,18	9,861	198,114		2,387,975	
Transfer In		8,747	-		8,747	
Change in Net Position	2,19	8,608	198,114		2,396,722	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	34	1,664	669,581		1,011,245	
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 2,54	0,272 \$	867,695	\$	3,407,967	

WAXAHACHIE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities			
	Child	Nonmajor	Total	
	Nutrition	Enterprise	Enterprise	
	Program	Fund	Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 977,497	\$ 769,695	\$ 1,747,192	
Cash Received from State	306,067	33,886	339,953	
Cash Received from Federal Programs	6,080,990	-	6,080,990	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(2,302,691)	(463,805)	(2,766,496)	
Cash Payments to Suppliers	(2,886,372)	(52,378)	(2,938,750)	
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(7,152)	(11,697)	(18,849)	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	2,168,339	275,701	2,444,040	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Purchase of Furniture and Fixtures	(92,776)	-	(92,776)	
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities	(92,776)		(92,776)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,075,563	275,701	2,351,264	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of Year	789,639	543,200	1,332,839	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of Year	\$ 2,865,202	\$ 818,901	\$ 3,684,103	
Reconcilation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	\$ 2,198,608	\$ 198,114	\$ 2,396,722	
Depreciation	184,575	21,755	206,330	
Non-Cash Donated Commodities:	(234,969)	-	(234,969)	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	, ,		, , ,	
Decrease (increase) in Due From Other Funds	141,419	_	141,419	
Decrease (increase) in Receivables	-	-	-	
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Expenses	_	-	_	
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	17,063	847	17,910	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable	-	49,900	49,900	
moreage (decrease) in Accided Wages I ayable		70,000	70,000	

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Private	Total
	Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
	Trust rund	Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 919,844	\$ 766,668
Total Assets	919,844	\$ 766,668
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	5,662
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	-	49,604
Due to Other Funds	-	516,083
Due to Student Groups		7,632
Total Liabilities		578,981
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	919,844	187,687
Total Net Position	\$ 919,844	\$ 187,687

WAXAHACHIE ISD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Total Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:			
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	\$ -	\$ 294,357	
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	5,747	-	
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	38,000	-	
Total Additions	43,747	294,357	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Other Deductions	44,000	247,913	
Total Deductions	44,000	247,913	
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(253)	46,444	
Total Net Position September 1 (Beginning)	920,097	141,243	
Total Net Position August 31 (Ending)	\$ 919,844	\$ 187,687	



Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Waxahachie Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Reporting Entity

The Board is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by Statements No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," and No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34." There are no component units within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide & Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the District. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues normally support governmental activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting & Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting & Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days of year end.

Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

The special revenue funds include programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that range from less than twelve months to in excess of two years. Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent expenditures are made under the provisions of the grant. When grant funds are received in advance of being earned, they are recorded as unearned revenue until earnings criteria are met. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. Custodial Funds do not involve measurement of results or operations.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Fund Accounting

The District reports its financial activities through the use of "fund accounting". The activities of the District are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts to reflect results of activities. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purposes to assist management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Accounting – Governmental Funds (continued)

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through the governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenses that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the retirement of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u> - The Major Special Revenue Fund consist of ESSER II fund that accounts for resources that are legally restricted or locally committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Other non-major governmental funds consist of special revenue funds that account for resources that are legally restricted or locally committed to expenditures for specified purposes. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in special revenue funds.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for the District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District accounts for a childcare center and an after-school program in nonmajor enterprise funds.

<u>Child Nutrition Program Enterprise Fund</u> - The District utilizes an enterprise fund to account for the District's Child Nutrition Program because the Child Nutrition Program is self-supporting and does not require subsidies from the General Fund.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, and/or other funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> - The District accounts for donations which have the stipulation that the funds be used for a specific purpose in this fund. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is a scholarship fund. These funds are not budgeted.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - The Student Activity Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies from student activity organizations. These organizations exist with the explicit approval of, and are subject to revocation by, the District's Board of Trustees. This accounting reflects the District's custodial relationship with the student activity organizations.

Assets, Liabilities & Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Cash & Cash Equivalents - The District's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, money markets, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities & Deferred Inflows/Outflows (continued)

Investments – Investments, except for the investment pools, are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined by the amount at which a financial instrument can be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. District management believes that the District adheres to the requirements of the State of Texas Public Funds Investment Act regarding investment practice, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Additionally, management believes that the investment practices of the District are in accordance with local policies for the current fiscal year.

Interfund Receivables & Payables - Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." All residual balances between governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Prepaid Expenditures – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements and expended in a subsequent period using the consumption method. All prepaid expenditures are offset at fiscal yearend by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Inventories – The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures in the Governmental Funds. In the proprietary fund-types, the consumption method is used to account for inventories of food and other supplies. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account for the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Furniture & Equipment	3 - 15

Compensated Absences – The District allows employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick time annually. There is a stipulation that upon retirement, with appropriate notice, and meeting certain attendance requirements, the District will pay employees for some of their unused leave. A liability is not recorded in the financial statements as these factors are generally not satisfied at the end of the fiscal year and all payments are made annually in the year in which the employee qualified for the payment.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long–Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the *Statement of Net Position*. Bond premiums and discounts are reported as a liability or contra-liability, as appropriate, and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances and payments to bond refunding escrow agents are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions – The District records its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The fiduciary net position of TRS has been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by TRS when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Retiree Health Plan – The District records its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Care Plan. The fiduciary net position of the TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In addition to deferred losses on debt refunding transactions, which are reported as deferred outflows of resources, the District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable tax revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fund Balances and Net Position

Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

<u>Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs</u> is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Balances and Net Position (continued)

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by the bond covenants.

Restricted for Capital Projects is the component of net position that is restricted for construction of capital projects.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purposes.

It is the District's policy to spend funds available from restricted sources prior to unrestricted sources.

Fund balances on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet include the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance is the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable because it is either not in spendable form or it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by the provider (such as a grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital Projects bond funds are restricted by the bondholders for the specific purpose of capital projects and capital outlays. Federal and State grant resources are restricted pursuant to the mandates of the granting agency.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is committed to a specific purpose by the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the constraint by exercising the same type of action originally used to commit the funds. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of August 31, 2022 for campus activities.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is spendable or available for appropriation but has been tentatively earmarked for some specific purpose. This intent can be expressed by an official to which the Board of Trustees delegates this authority. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has not assigned any fund balance of the General Fund as of August 31, 2022.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> is the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances and can be utilized for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Balances and Net Position (continued)

As of August 31, 2022, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund		Se	Debt Service Fund		onmajor ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Prepaids	:	313,715		-		-		313,715	
Restricted:									
Debt Service		-	4,093,055			-		4,093,055	
Federal Grant		-		-		-		-	
Committed:									
Construction		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned	24,	L47,725				690,172	2	4,837,897	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 24,4	161,440	\$ 4,0	093,055	\$	690,172	\$ 2	9,244,667	

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resources Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimations and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Encumbrance Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting system in order to assign the portion of the applicable appropriation. This methodology is employed in the governmental fund financial statements. Encumbrances are not liabilities and are therefore not recorded as expenditures until receipt of the material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are re-appropriated in the next fiscal year. There were no outstanding encumbrances at year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Food Service Enterprise Fund on a basis consistent with accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund appears in Exhibit F-1. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the Food Service Fund and Debt Service Fund appear in Exhibits H-2 and H-3. The special revenue funds and the Capital Projects Fund adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's Fiscal Year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal period beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the fund and function level. To do so requires the approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board. The budget was properly amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees.

The Budget Coordinator controls each budget for revenues and expenditures at the fund, function, and object level. Management is able to transfer amounts within each function. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board of Trustees. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2022 Fund Balance Appropriated budget funds Non-appropriated budget funds All Special Revenue Funds

\$	-
•	690,172
\$	690,172

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE & FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet & the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

Exhibit C-2 provides a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the full accrual basis of accounting." The details of this (\$8,530,714) adjustment are as follows:

Long Term Debt:

Premium and Discount Costs on Bonds	\$ (15,882,173)
Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	6,034,826
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Matured	
	(9,847,347)
Recognize Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	1,316,633
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (8,530,714)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances & the Government – Wide Statement of Activities

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "various other reclassifications are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the full accrual basis of accounting." The details of this \$742,315 adjustment are as follows:

Long-Term Debt:

Current Year Amortization	\$ 1,094,574
Current Year Premium and Discount Cost on Bonds	-
Current year deferred loss on refunding bonds	(404,555)
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Matured	
	690,019
Recognize Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	52,296
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes to net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 742,315

CASH & INVESTMENTS

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

CASH & INVESTMENTS (continued)

At August 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash) was \$6,053,133. The book balance was \$5,707,307. The difference was due to usual outstanding checks that were issued but have not cleared the banks. The District's combined deposits at August 31, 2022 and during the year ended August 31, 2022 were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the District and held by the District's agent.

In addition the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- Name of Bank First Financial Bank, N.A.
- The highest combined balances of cash, savings, and time deposit accounts amounted to \$8,836,391 and occurred during the month of July 2022.
- Amount of bond and securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$10,282,474.
- Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas:

- Safety of principal and liquidity,
- Portfolio diversification.
- Allowable investments,
- Acceptable risk levels,
- Expected rates of return,
- Maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments,
- Maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio,
- Investment staff quality and capabilities, and
- Bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments. The investments owned at fiscal yearend are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

All investment pools utilized by the District meet the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The fair value of the positions in the pools is the same as the value of the pools. The District invests in the following investment pools:

- The Lone Star Investment Pool is governed by an 11-member board, all of whom are participants in the pool.
 American Beacon Advisors and BNY Mellon Cash Investment Strategies manage the investment of Lone Star's assets.
- Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

CASH & INVESTMENTS (continued)

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

<u>Credit risk</u> is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by nationally recognized agencies such as Standard and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, value of its investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The PFIA, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments. The District's funds are deposited and invested under terms of a depository contract with amounts greater than the FDIC insurance coverage protected by approved pledged securities held on behalf of the District. Public funds investment pools created to function as money market mutual funds must mark their portfolios to market daily, and, to the extent reasonably possible, stabilize at a \$1 net asset value. The District's policy manages custodial credit risk by requiring securities purchased by a broker-dealer for the District to be held in a Safekeeping account in the District's name. The policy also requires that security transactions be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment basis.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> is the risk associated with holding investments that are not pools and full faith credit securities. These risks are controlled by limiting the percentages of these investments in the District's portfolio.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> is the risk that interest rates will rise and an investment in a fixed-income security will decrease in value. Interest rate risk is reduced by diversifying, investing in securities with different durations, and laddering maturity dates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the District's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.

<u>Foreign currency risk</u> is the potential for loss due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The District's policy does not allow for any direct foreign investments, and therefore the District is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs used to measure assets and liabilities:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarch, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

CASH & INVESTMENTS (continued)

The District has recurring fair value measurements as presented in the table below. The District's investment balances at August 31, 2022 are as follows:

Description	Credit Rating	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm	\$ 25,763,185	\$ 26,139,171
TexPool Investment Pool	AAAm	986,356	986,356
		\$ 26,749,541	\$ 27,125,527

PROPERTY TAXES

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied on all real and business personal property located in the District. A lien exists on all property on January 1st of each year. Tax statements are mailed on October 1st each year or as soon thereafter as possible. Taxes are due upon receipt and become delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the following calendar year. The assessed value of the property tax roll on January 1, 2021, upon which the levy for the 2021-22 fiscal period was based, was \$5,726,344,347.

The tax rates levied for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.9603 and \$0.3839 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.3442 per \$100 valuation.

Current year tax collections for the period ended August 31, 2022, were 99% of the levy.

The ad valorem tax rate is allocated each year between the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The full amount estimated to be required for general obligation bond retirement is provided by the debt service tax together with interest earned within the Debt Service Fund.

Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General Fund and Debt Service Fund are based on historical experience. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2022, the allowance for uncollectible taxes was approximately 2% of total delinquent property taxes receivable.

DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation Program and Available School Fund.

Receivables due from other governments as of August 31, 2022, for the District's individual major funds and Non-Major Governmental Funds are as follows:

	Local		State		Federal		
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Governments</u>		Entitlements		<u>Grants</u>		<u>Total</u>
General	\$	-	\$	4,387,634	\$	-	\$ 4,387,634
Special Revenue		-		3,143,891		1,242,288	4,386,179
Child Nutrition Program				259,499		-	 259,499
Total	\$	-	\$	7,791,024	\$	1,242,288	\$ 9,033,312

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Inter-fund balances at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General Fund	Payroll Clearing Fund	\$ 516,083		
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,721,339		

All interfund balances represent transactions between the General Fund and other funds. These amounts are short-term advances and are expected to be repaid in less than one year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2022, follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Furniture & Equipment	\$ 2,629,706	\$ 92,766	\$ -	\$ 2,722,472
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,668,168)	(206,330)		(1,874,498)
Total Capital Assets for Business-Type				
Activities, net	\$ 961,538	\$ (113,564)	\$ -	\$ 847,974
	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 13,145,523	\$ 2,617,406	\$ -	\$ 15,762,929
Construction in Progress	1,583,142	28,500		1,611,642
	14,728,665	2,645,906	-	17,374,571
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & Improvements	351,939,404	1,366,720	-	353,306,124
Furniture & Equipment	21,251,866	1,650,541		22,902,407
	373,191,270	3,017,261	-	376,208,531
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(103,220,571)	(7,590,379)	-	(110,810,950)
Furniture & Equipment	(15,064,581)	(1,472,761)		(16,537,342)
	(118,285,152)	(9,063,141)		(127,348,293)
Total Capital Assets for Governmental				
Activities, net	\$269,634,783	\$ (3,399,974)	<u> </u>	\$266,234,809

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
Instruction	\$ 5,766,161	\$ -	\$ 5,766,161
Instructional Resources & Media	130,623	-	\$ 130,623
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developr	144,146	-	\$ 144,146
Instructional Leadership	243,974	-	\$ 243,974
School Leadership	669,034	-	\$ 669,034
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Servi	291,854	-	\$ 291,854
Health Services	139,819	-	\$ 139,819
Student Transportation	250,395	-	\$ 250,395
Food Services	47,701	206,330	\$ 254,031
Extracurricular Activities	301,138	-	\$ 301,138
General Administration	257,883	-	\$ 257,883
Plant Maintenance & Operations	498,247	-	\$ 498,247
Security & Monitoring	122,768	-	\$ 122,768
Data Processing Services	116,923	-	\$ 116,923
Community Services	82,475		\$ 82,475
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 9,063,141	\$ 206,330	\$ 9,269,471

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Construction Commitments

At August 31, 2022, the District was obligated under major contracts for construction of new facilities and renovations or repair of various existing facilities. A summary of the status of these projects and the related binding contracts with contractors is as follows:

Project	Cos	sts Incurred_	Budgeted Cos		
Elementary School #10	\$	741,967	\$	900,000	
Elementary School #11		841,175		900,000	
WHS Outdoor seating area		28,500		-	
Total	\$	1,611,642	\$	1,800,000	

LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2022, follows:

	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonded Indebtedness:							
2002 Refunding	\$ 34,224,017	5.13-5.96%	\$ 632,007	\$ -	\$ (241,708)	\$ 390,299	\$ 209,229
2011 Refunding	28,621,701	2.00-5.00%	4,966,701	-	-	4,966,701	-
2011 Tax Qualified	2,500,000	4.45%	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000	170,000
2013 Refunding	5,915,000	2.00-3.50%	5,840,000	-	-	5,840,000	-
2014 Refunding	8,595,000	2.00-3.60%	8,435,000	-	-	8,435,000	-
2015 Refunding	40,990,000	4.00-5.50%	38,465,000	-	(495,000)	37,970,000	520,000
2015 Building	75,000,000	3.00-5.00%	71,980,000	-	(545,000)	71,435,000	570,000
2016 Building	46,545,000	2.00-5.00%	44,005,000	-	(645,000)	43,360,000	680,000
2018 Building	21,005,000	3.00-5.00%	19,820,000	-	(380,000)	19,440,000	400,000
2020 Refunding	18,825,000	3.00-5.00%	18,070,000	-	(740,000)	17,330,000	785,000
2021 Refunding	17,625,000	2.00-3.00%	17,625,000		(6,015,000)	11,610,000	-
Subtotal			232,338,708	-	(9,061,708)	223,277,000	3,334,229
Bond Premium			16,976,747	-	(1,094,574)	15,882,173	-
Accreted Interest			14,706,457	-	(4,193,292)	10,513,165	4,220,771
Total Bonded Indebt	tedness		\$264,021,912	\$ -	\$ (14,349,574)	\$249,672,338	\$ 7,555,000

General obligation bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. Interest expense for the year on all bonded indebtedness was \$8,486,301.

The District's Unlimited Tax Qualified School Construction Bonds-Series 2011 require the District to make sinking fund deposits into a sinking fund restricted to payment of the bond principal when the bonds become due in 2026. Sinking fund deposits of \$165,000 per year are required in fiscal years 2012 through 2021 and deposits of \$170,000 are required in fiscal years 2022 through 2026. The balance in the sinking fund account as of August 31, 2022 was \$1,650,000 and is shown in the financial statements as restricted cash in the Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Changes in debt-related deferred outflows of resources for the year ended August 31, 2022, were:

	В	Beginning		Issued/		Retired/		Ending	
]	Balance		Increases		Refunded		Balance	
Deferred charge for refunding	\$	6,439,381		-		(404,555)	\$	6,034,826	

Changes in Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability for the year ended August 31, 2022, were:

	08/31/21	Additions	Retirements	08/31/22
Net Pension Liability	\$28,406,780	_	(14,063,540)	\$14,343,240
Net OPEB Liability	\$28,836,811	1,712,496	-	\$30,549,307

Capital Appreciation Bonds

A capital appreciation bond (CAB) is a bond bearing no interest that is sold at a significant discount but matures at a stated value. Accreted interest is the obligation associated with CABs and reflects period increases in the obligation to reflect the bond at stated value at maturity. CAB premiums represent premium received on the issuance of these bonds which must also be paid back at maturity. Current year accreted interest expense recognized in the government-wide financial statements was \$1,094,574, and \$4,193,292 of outstanding accreted interest was paid off during the year. Total accreted interest on CABs at August 31, 2022 is \$10,513,165, which is reported as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			Total
August 31	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2023	3,334,229	14,091,565	17,425,794
2024	3,291,071	13,960,754	17,251,825
2025	5,825,720	11,581,405	17,407,125
2026	8,150,980	11,587,643	19,738,623
2027	6,220,000	9,233,626	15,453,626
2028-2032	39,235,000	40,120,062	79,355,062
2033-2037	58,950,000	27,384,417	86,334,417
2038-2042	55,520,000	15,474,450	70,994,450
2043-2047	41,480,000	3,703,475	45,183,475
2048	1,270,000	31,750	1,301,750
	\$223,277,000	\$147,169,147	\$370,446,147

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General]	Revenue		Enterprise		
	Fund		Funds		Funds		Total	
Prepaid Athletic Ticket Sales	\$	22,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,000
Prepaid Sales - Food Services				-		117,871		117,871
Total	\$	22,000		_	\$	117,871	\$	139,871

REVENUES FROM LOCAL & INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Enterprise Funds	Other Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 54,841,208	\$ -	\$ 21,880,998	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,722,206
Food Sales	-	-	-	960,526	-	960,526
Investment Income	-	-	77,234	16,710	3,160	97,104
Penalties, Interest & Other	-	-	-			-
Tax Related Income	377,068	-	-	-	-	377,068
Co-Curricular Student Activities	268,442	-	124,737	-	-	393,179
Other	1,025,252	 -	 	 769,956	 725,782	2,520,990
Total	\$ 56,511,970	\$ -	\$ 22,082,969	\$ 1,747,192	\$ 728,942	\$ 81,071,073

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

For the year ended August 31, 2022, all employees of the District were offered health care coverage under the TRS ActiveCare insurance plan (the Plan), which is a statewide health coverage program for public education employees established by the 77th Texas Legislature. The District contributed \$245 per month per enrolled employee to the Plan, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay the additional cost of premiums for themselves and dependents.

Worker's Compensation Insurance

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's workers' compensation program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Worker's Compensation Insurance (continued)

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully fund those reserves. As of August 31, 2022, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$5,763,007 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31st. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available at the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (The Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31st. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statement as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Litigation & Contingencies

The District is a party to various legal actions none of which is believed by administration to have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

State & Federal Programs

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collect ability of any related receivable at August 31, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025. *Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2020 ACFR, Note 11, on page 82.*

	2021	2022
Member	7.70%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.50%	7.75%
Employers	7.50%	7.50%
Fiscal Year 2022 Employer Contributions		\$ 2,916,270
Fiscal Year 2022 Member Contributions		\$ 6,354,228
2021 Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contribut	ions	\$ 5,484,281

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	1.95%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Discount Rate – A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2021 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 (see page 53 of the TRSACFR) are summarized below:

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1) %	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return (2)	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			-
U.S.	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.00%	1.10%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources, and Infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities	0.00%	1.70%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag (3)			-0.95%
Total	100.00%		6.90%

⁽¹⁾ Target Allocations are based on FY2021 policy model.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate. *The discount rate can be found in the 2020 TRS ACFR, Note 11, page 84.*

	19	1% Decrease in				% Increase in
	Discount Rate I			Discount Rate		iscount Rate
	(6.25%)			(7.25%)		(8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	\$	34,342,255	\$	14,343,240	\$	551,878

⁽²⁾ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/21)

⁽³⁾ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources & Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$28,406,780 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 14,343,240
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	25,160,957
Total	\$ 39,504,197

The net pension liability was measured as of 1 and rolled forward to 2; the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.05632% which was an increase of 0.000329% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,529,144 and revenue of \$100,590 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	24,003	\$	1,009,775
Changes in actuarial assumptions		5,070,055		2,210,109
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		-		12,026,620
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2,777,889		
Total as of August 31, 2021	\$	7,871,947	\$	15,246,504
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		2,916,270		-
Total as of Fiscal year end	\$	10,788,217	\$	15,246,504

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Employee Retirement Plan – Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources & Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$2,916,270 reported as deferred outflow of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending August 31, 2023. The remaining net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pen	Pension Expense			
Year ended August 31,		Amount			
2022	\$	(950,432)			
2023		(1,109,302)			
2024		(2,259,204)			
2025		(3,264,804)			
2026		161,806			
Thereafter		47,379			
	\$	(7,374,557)			

DEFINED OTHER POS-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description - The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). TRS-Care is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post- Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides basic health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Option dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees

,							
	Me	dicare	Non-Medicare				
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200			
Retiree and Spouse		529		689			
Retiree or surviving spouse							
and chrildren		468		408			
Retiree and Family		1,020		999			

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Member	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Fiscal Year 2021 Employer Contributions		\$ 687,773
Fiscal Year 2021 Member Contributions		\$ 485,096
2020 Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 828,917

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2022 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2021-2022 biennium.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: *Actuarial Assumptions can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR*, *Note 9, page 76*.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Discount Rate 1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age

65 and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at

age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was a decrease of .38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. *The Discount Rate can be found in the 2021 TRS ACFR on page* 77. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis – The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the net OPEB Liability.

	1%	Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	Di	scount Rate	D	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate
		(1.20%)		(2.20%)		(3.20%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	\$	36,310,006	\$	30,549,307	\$	26,036,316

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense & Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$28,836,811 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction of State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 30,549,307
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 40,929,263
Total	\$ 71,478,570

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.07919%, which was an increase of 0.00334% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

			Cur	rent Healthcare	
	1	% Decrease	Co	st Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	\$	25,567,760	\$	30,549,307	\$ 37,079,594

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

<u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u> - OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense & Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (continued)

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - No changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$338,686 and revenue of \$(1,510,602) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		
	C	Outflows of	Det	ferred Inflows
]	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	1,315,292	\$	14,788,002
Changes in actuarial assumptions		3,383,694		6,460,613
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		33,166		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		7,153,672		<u> </u>
Total as of August 31, 2020 measurement date	\$	11,885,824	\$	21,248,615
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		687,773		
Total as of August 31, 2021	\$	12,573,597	\$	21,248,615

\$687,773 reported as deferred outflow of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending August 31, 2022. The remaining net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended August 31,	_	
2022	\$	(2,106,075)
2023		(2,106,823)
2024		(2,106,618)
2025		(1,302,484)
2026		(213,812)
Thereafter		(1,526,977)
	\$	(9,362,789)

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2022

Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRSCare) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The funds allocated to the District are considered on-behalf payments and are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures in the General Fund. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$3,727,543.

JOINT VENTURES-SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is the fiscal agent for Shared Services Arrangements ("SSA'S") which provide deaf education to member districts. In addition to the District, other member districts include Ferris, Milford, Maypearl, and Italy Independent School Districts.

All services are provided by the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA'S in Special Revenues Funds. Expenditures of the SSA'S are summarized below:

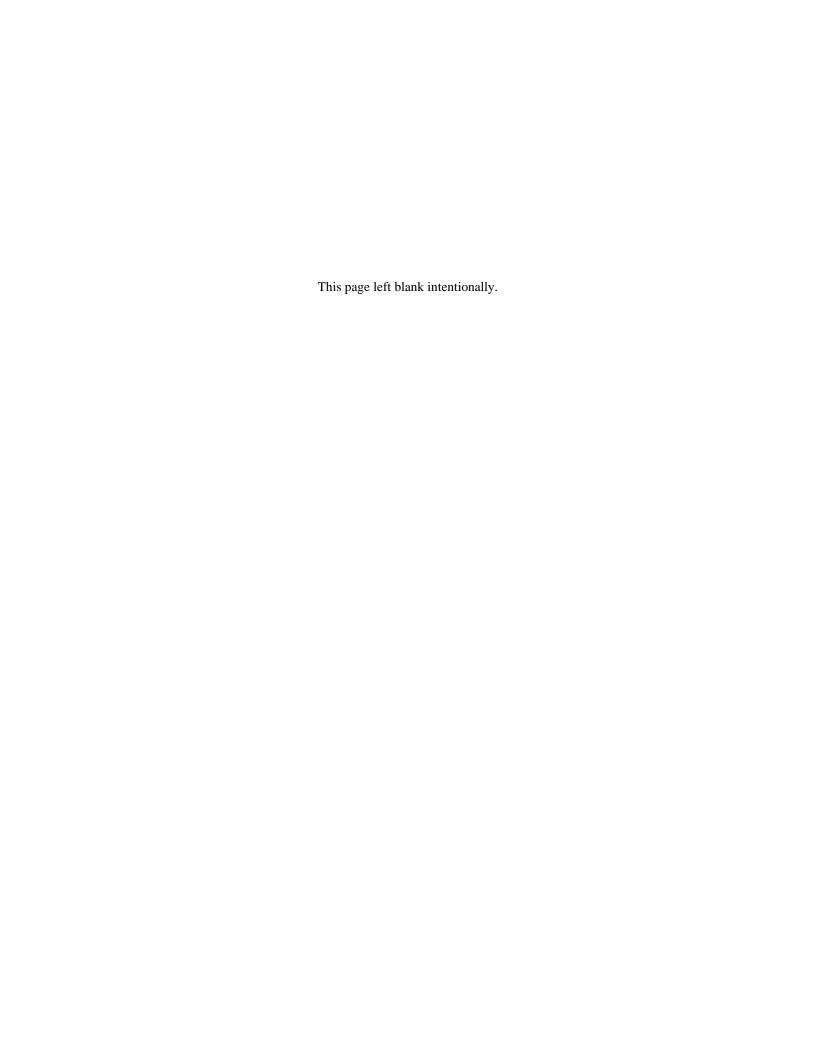
	F	and 315	I	Fund 435
Italy	\$	1,393	\$	2,706
Maypearl		1,393		2,706
Milford		2,787		5,413
Waxahachie		20,901		40,595
	\$	26,474	\$	51,420

TAX ABATEMENTS

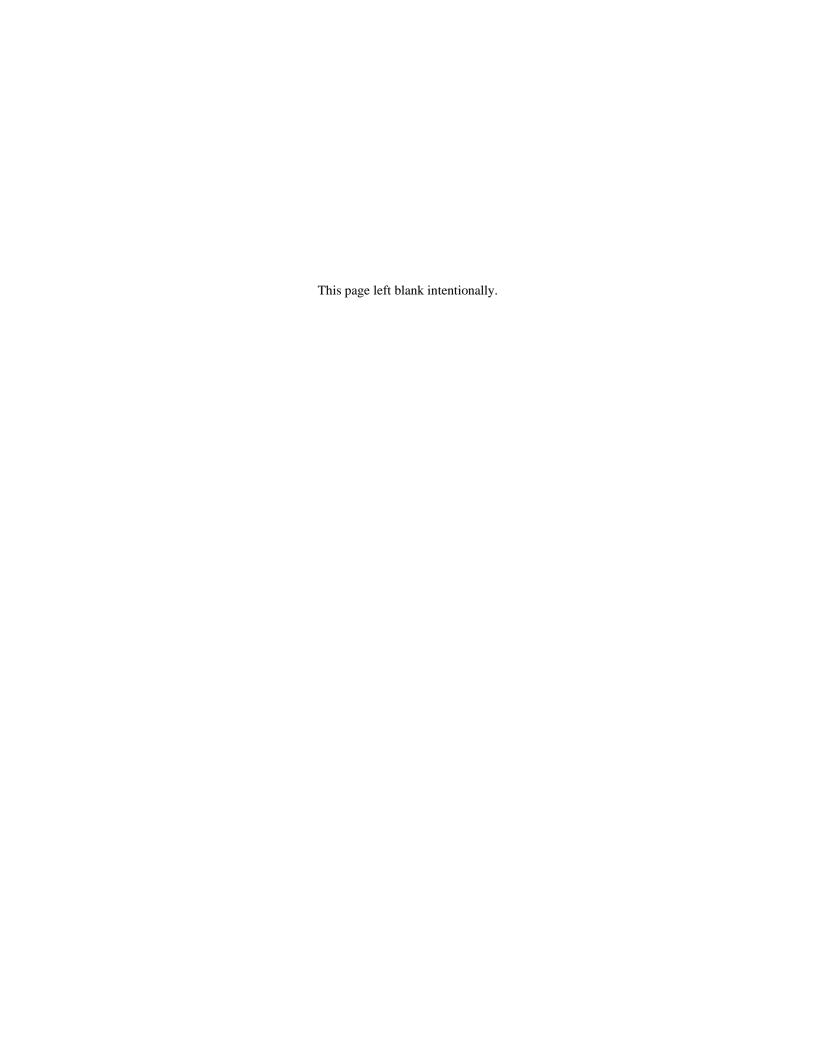
In compliance with GASB Statement #77, the District did not have any outstanding tax abatements for the year ended August 31, 2022.

EVALUATION OF SUBESQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through January 17, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.







WAXAHACHIE ISD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Cont	trol		Budgeted	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or			
Code	es –		Original		Final			(Negative)		
	REVENUES:									
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	55,738,292	\$	56,193,256	\$	56,511,970	\$	318,714	
5800	State Program Revenues		50,255,468		44,630,580		43,385,906		(1,244,674)	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,500,000		1,979,073	_	4,225,420		2,246,347	
5020	Total Revenues		107,493,760		102,802,909		104,123,296		1,320,387	
I	EXPENDITURES:					_				
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		64,146,507		61,549,238		61,075,652		473,586	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,384,097		1,319,957		1,307,345		12,612	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,663,054		1,738,958		1,660,608		78,350	
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,656,151		2,655,175		2,642,981		12,194	
0023	School Leadership		6,339,613		6,232,228		6,208,130		24,098	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		2,916,120		2,991,160		2,983,279		7,881	
0033	Health Services		1,324,898		1,369,133		1,360,117		9,016	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,358,925		3,173,911		3,089,025	84,886		
0035	Food Services		100,000		24,678		24,677	1		
0036	Extracurricular Activities		4,464,867		4,574,306		4,466,701		107,605	
0041	General Administration 3,372,267 3,491						3,347,708		143,542	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,306,874		9,515,180		9,140,009		375,171	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,769,305		1,788,079		1,721,032		67,047	
0053	Data Processing Services		1,889,278		2,618,958		2,553,540		65,418	
0061	Community Services		261,804		277,688		238,611		39,077	
	Capital Outlay:									
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		1,940,000		4,577,000		3,961,842		615,158	
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg	·.	15,000		55,000		51,948		3,052	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	,	585,000		585,000		573,248		11,752	
6030	Total Expenditures		107,493,760		108,536,899		106,406,453		2,130,446	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		-		(5,733,990)	_	(2,283,157)		3,450,833	
	Expenditures					-				
(OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		-		406,333		406,929		596	
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		-		(9,000)		(8,747)		253	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		397,333		398,182		849	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(5,336,657)		(1,884,975)		3,451,682	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		26,346,414		26,346,414		26,346,414		-	
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	26,346,414	\$	21,009,757	\$	24,461,439	\$	3,451,682	

WAXAHACHIE ISD

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021		FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.056322076%		0.053039324%		0.0523144%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,343,240	\$	28,406,780	\$	27,194,675
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		25,160,957		51,136,922		45,308,051
Total	\$	39,504,197	\$	79,543,702	\$	72,502,726
District's Covered Payroll	\$	79,427,936	\$	69,059,529	\$	61,492,949
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		18.07%		41.13%		44.22%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2019 Plan Year	FY 2018 Plan Year	FY 2017 Plan Year	FY 2016 Plan Year	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
0.0498397%	0.0459862%	0.0441213%	0.0450521%	0.0232896%
\$ 27,432,958	\$ 14,703,907	\$ 16,672,778	\$ 15,925,318	6,220,974
44,810,363	26,646,736	31,513,766	28,595,115	24,125,762
\$ 72,243,321	\$ 41,350,643	\$ 48,186,544	\$ 44,520,433	\$ 30,346,736
\$ 55,658,471	\$ 52,352,753	\$ 49,822,143	\$ 46,306,390	41,908,789
49.29%	28.09%	33.46%	34.39%	14.84%
73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

WAXAHACHIE ISD SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,916,270 \$	2,403,017 \$	2,147,911
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(2,916,270)	(2,403,017)	(2,147,911)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u> </u>	- \$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 79,427,936 \$	74,627,359 \$	69,059,529
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.67%	3.22%	3.11%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,831,806	\$ 1,678,999	\$ 1,506,070	\$ 1,406,647	\$ 1,334,006
(1,831,806)	(1,678,999)	(1,506,070)	(1,406,647)	(1,334,006)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 61,492,949	\$ 55,655,595	\$ 52,352,753	\$ 49,822,143	\$ 46,309,390
2.98%	3.02%	2.88%	2.82%	2.88%

WAXAHACHIE ISD

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	P	FY 2022 lan Year 2021	P	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.791956614%		0.075857368%		0.0723712%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	30,549,307	\$	28,836,811	\$	34,225,213
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		40,929,263		38,749,762		45,477,654
Total	\$	71,478,571	\$	67,586,573	\$	79,702,867
District's Covered Payroll	\$	79,427,936	\$	69,059,529	\$	61,492,949
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		38.46%		41.76%		55.66%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2019	FY 2018
Plan Year	Plan Year
0.067525%	0.062862%
\$ 33,715,852	\$ 27,336,306
47,367,980	41,295,841
\$ 81,083,832	\$ 68,632,147
\$ 55,658,471	\$ 52,352,753
60.58%	52.22%
1.57%	0.91%

WAXAHACHIE ISD

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

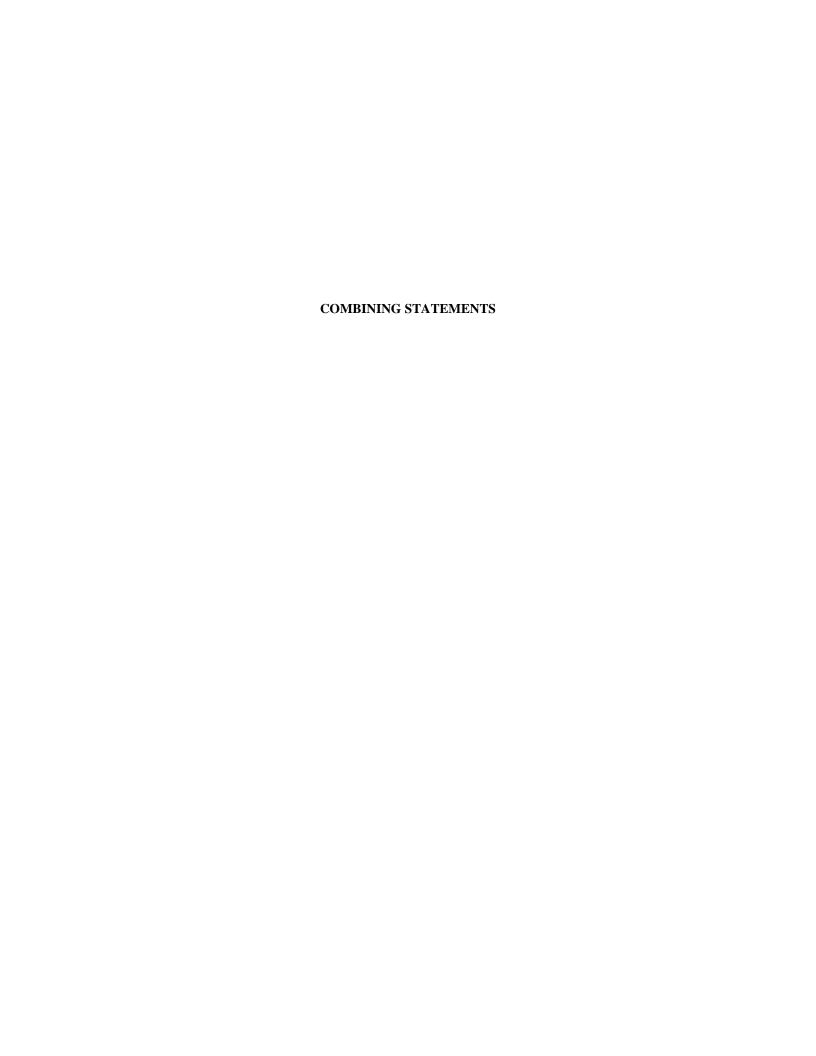
	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 618,698 \$	569,073 \$	513,826
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(618,698)	(569,073)	(513,826)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 79,427,936 \$	74,627,359 \$	69,059,529
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.78%	0.76%	0.74%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

 2019
\$ 459,947
(459,947)
\$ -
\$ 61,492,949
0.75%





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WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			211		224		225		244
Data		E	ESEA I, A	ID	DEA - Part B	Ι	DEA - Part B		Career and
Contro	.1]	Improving		Formula		Preschool		Technical -
Codes		Ba	sic Program						Basic Grant
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
1240	Due from Other Governments		275,557		175,432		4,171		1,355
1000	Total Assets	\$	275,557	\$	175,432	\$	4,171	\$	1,355
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	8,422	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		257		345		5		_
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		75,213		173,823		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		191,665		1,263		4,167		1,355
2000	Total Liabilities		275,557		175,431		4,172		1,355
F	FUND BALANCES								
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-	_	-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	275,557	\$	175,431	\$	4,172	\$	1,355

	255		263		279		282	284	289		315		379
	ESEA II, A		Title III, A		ESSER III		ESSER III	IDEA B	TITLE IV		SSA		Other Federal
	Training and		English Lang.		TCLAS		ARP Act	Formula	Part A	I	DEA, Part B		SSA Special
	Recruiting		Acquisition		ARP Act			ARP Act]	Discretionary	F	Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,148
	76,319		9,600		3,685		885,114	193,788	19,785		6,484		-
\$	76,319	\$	9,600	\$	3,685	\$	885,114	\$ 193,788	\$ 19,785	\$	6,484	\$	5,148
\$	14,755	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	-		18		-		-	-	-		-		-
	11,957		3,082		-		-	-	-		-		-
	49,607		6,499		3,685		862,527	193,788	19,785		6,484		-
	76,319	_	9,599	_	3,685	_	885,114	193,788	19,785	_	6,484		-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-		5,148
_	-	_	-		-		-	-	-	_	-	_	5,148
\$	76,319	\$	9,599	\$	3,685	\$	885,114	\$ 193,788	\$ 19,785	\$	6,484	\$	5,148

WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			410		429		435	5 46	
Data			State	Ot	ner State		SSA		Campus
Contro		In	nstructional	9	Special	R	egional Day		Activity
Codes			Materials	Reve	enue Funds	S	chool - Deaf		Funds
1	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,063	\$	661,077
1240	Due from Other Governments		237,655		8,021		4,638		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	237,655	\$	8,021	\$	6,701	\$	661,077
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	104,693	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,829
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		-		(3)		6		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		6,695		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		130,209		8,018		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		234,902		8,015		6,701		2,829
I	FUND BALANCES								
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		2,753		6		-		658,249
3000	Total Fund Balances		2,753		6		-	_	658,249
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	237,655	\$	8,021	\$	6,701	\$	661,078

	499		Total		625		626		Total		Total				
(Other Local		Nonmajor		2015		2018		Nonmajor		Nonmajor				
	Special		Special		Bond Fund		Bond Fund		Capital	(Governmental				
Re	evenue Funds	R	evenue Funds				Dolla I wila		Project Funds		Project Funds		Project Funds		Funds
\$	19,700	\$	687,988	\$	(78,224)	\$	82,544	\$	4,320	\$	692,308				
	-		1,901,604		-		-		-		1,901,604				
\$	19,700	\$	2,589,592	\$	(78,224)	\$	82,544	\$	4,320	\$	2,593,912				
\$	-	\$	153,286	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	153,286				
	-		628		-		4		4		632				
	-		270,770		-		-		-		270,770				
	-		1,479,052		-		-		-		1,479,052				
	-	_	1,903,736	_	-		4		4		1,903,740				
	19,700		685,856		(78,224)		82,540		4,316		690,172				
	19,700		685,856	_	(78,224)		82,540		4,316		690,172				
\$	19,700	\$	2,589,592	\$	(78,224)	2	82,544	\$	4,320	\$	2,593,912				
Ψ	19,700	Ψ	2,309,392	Ψ	(78,224)	Ψ	02,344	Ψ	4,320	Ψ	2,333,912				

WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

			211		224	225	244
Data		E	SEA I, A	IDEA	A - Part B	IDEA - Part B	Career and
Contr	ol	Iı	mproving	Fo	ormula	Preschool	Technical -
Code	S	Bas	ic Program				Basic Grant
	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State Program Revenues		-		-	-	-
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,116,049	1	1,946,065	30,380	81,443
5020	Total Revenues		1,116,049		1,946,065	30,380	81,443
J	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		933,927		440,711	130	73,619
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-	-	-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		182,122		56,663	-	-
0023	School Leadership		-		-	-	-
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-		1,448,691	30,250	7,824
0036	Extracurricular Activities		-		-	-	-
0041	General Administration		-		-	-	-
	Capital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		-		_
6030	Total Expenditures		1,116,049		1,946,065	30,380	81,443
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		-		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

-	255	263	279	282	284	289	315	379
ES	EA II, A	Title III, A	ESSER III	ESSER III	IDEA B	TITLE IV	SSA	Other Federal
Tra	ining and	English Lang.	TCLAS	ARP Act	Formula	Part A	IDEA, Part B	SSA Special
Re	ecruiting	Acquisition	ARP Act		ARP Act		Discretionary	Revenue Funds
\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	322
	431,981	62,164	60,908	4,727,369	307,940	77,496	26,475	-
	431,981	62,164	60,908	4,727,369	307,940	77,496	26,475	322
	531	60,381	39,895	4,727,369	172,172	29,518	26,475	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	240,136	1,783	21,013	-	-	47,978	-	-
	191,314	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	135,768	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	431,981	62,164	60,908	4,727,369	307,940	77,496	26,475	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	322
		-					<u>-</u>	4,826
\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,148

WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		410	429	435	461
Data		State	Other State	SSA	Campus
Control	Ins	structional	Special	Regional Day	Activity
Codes	N	Materials	Revenue Funds	School - Deaf	Funds
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 644,922
5800 State Program Revenues		426,670	57,024	54,893	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		-			
5020 Total Revenues		426,670	57,024	54,893	644,922
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		426,670	44,261	54,893	318,559
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-	-	79,412
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	12,973	-	-
0023 School Leadership		-	-	-	-
Ouidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	161,276
0041 General Administration		-	-	-	56,176
Capital Outlay:					
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		426,670	57,234	54,893	615,423
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(210)	-	29,499
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		2,753	216		628,750
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	2,753	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 658,249

-	499	Total	625	626	Total	Total
Ot	ther Local	Nonmajor			Nonmajor	Nonmajor
	Special	Special			Capital	Governmental
	enue Funds	Revenue Funds			Project Funds	Funds
\$	83,943	\$ 728,865	\$ 73 \$	4	\$ 77	\$ 728,942
Ψ	-	538,909	ψ 75 ψ -	_ '	Ψ // -	538,909
	-	8,868,271	-	-	-	8,868,271
	83,943	10,136,045	73	4	77	10,136,122
	1,450	7,350,561	61,487	7,941	69,428	7,419,989
	-	79,412	-	130,582	130,582	209,994
	-	562,668	-	-	-	562,668
	-	191,314	-	-	-	191,314
	-	1,622,533	-	-	-	1,622,533
	63,555	224,831	-	-	-	224,831
	-	56,176	-	-	-	56,176
	-	-	157,375	8,011	165,386	165,386
	65,005	10,087,495	218,862	146,534	365,396	10,452,891
	18,938	48,550	(218,789)	(146,530)	(365,319)	(316,769)
	762	637,307	140,566	229,071	369,637	1,006,944
\$	19,700	\$ 685,857	\$ (78,223)\$	82,541	\$ 4,318	\$ 690,175

WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Clearing F		Fun	865 ustodial d Student vity Acct	899 Employee Sunshine Fund		_	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	565,827	\$	193,134	\$	7,707	\$	766,668
Total Assets		565,827	-	193,134		7,707		766,668
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		139		5,523		-		5,662
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		49,604		-		-		49,604
Due to Other Funds		516,083		-		-		516,083
Due to Others		-		(75)		7,707		7,632
Total Liabilities		565,826		5,448		7,707		578,981
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted Net Position		-		187,687		-		187,687
Total Net Position	\$	-	\$	187,687	\$		\$	187,687

WAXAHACHIE ISD COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		363 yroll		865 Custodial		899 nployee		Total Total
		earing		und Student	Sunshine			Custodial
	F	Fund		ctivity Acct	Fund			Funds
ADDITIONS:								
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	\$	-	\$	294,357	\$	-	\$	294,357
Total Additions		-		294,357		-		294,357
DEDUCTIONS:								
Other Deductions		-		247,913		-		247,913
Total Deductions		-	_	247,913		-	_	247,913
Change in Net Position		-		46,444		-		46,444
Net Position -September 1 (Beginning)		_		141,243		-		141,243
Net Position August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	187,687	\$	-	\$	187,687



WAXAHACHIE ISD SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised			
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax l	Rates	Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ 7,368,682,222			
014	1.040000	0.38890	2,823,292,880			
015	1.170000	0.25890	2,989,789,853			
016	1.170000	0.38390	3,158,322,090			
017	1.170000	0.38390	3,423,459,544			
018	1.170000	0.38390	3,758,297,257			
019	1.170000	0.38390	3,974,454,148			
020	1.068300	0.38390	4,702,523,972			
2021	0.9815	0.38390	5,142,861,140			
022 (School year under audit)	0.9603	0.38390	5,726,344,347			
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning	(20) Current	(31)	(32)	(40) Entire	(50) Ending
Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
9/1/2021	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	8/31/2022
\$ 167,127 \$	-	\$ 24,725	\$ 6,878	\$ (423)	\$ 135,101
31,129	-	3,173	1,186	(130)	26,640
40,040	-	10,983	2,430	5,537	32,164
42,418	-	10,065	3,302	5,478	34,529
55,772	-	1,751	575	(10,499)	42,947
98,009	-	37,981	12,463	7,939	55,504
124,259	-	94,070	30,866	91,326	90,649
204,627	-	86,772	31,182	63,441	150,114
526,759	-	188,353	73,672	(20,554)	244,180
-	76,973,521	54,327,222	21,718,443	(343,521)	584,335
\$ 1,290,140 \$	76,973,521	\$ 54,785,095	\$ 21,880,997	\$ (201,406)	\$ 1,396,163

WAXAHACHIE ISD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
		Original		Final				ositive or Negative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	593,850 174,821	\$	778,465 373,006		7,497 6,067	\$	199,032 (66,939)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		768,671		1,151,471	1,28	3,564		132,093
Current: 0035 Food Services 0051 Plant Maintenance and Operations		4,777,935 88,500		6,011,738 88,500		9,138 0,190		902,600 8,310
6030 Total Expenditures		4,866,435		6,100,238	5,189	9,328		910,910
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(4,097,764)		(4,948,767)	(3,905	5,764)		1,043,003
 7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property 7915 Transfers In 7952 National School Breakfast Program 7953 National School Lunch Program 7954 Donated Commodities (USDA) 		550,000 3,200,000 347,764		163 8,746 1,009,749 4,209,819 347,764	1,22: 4,25:	164 8,747 3,663 5,404 0,340		1 1 213,914 45,585 112,576
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,097,764		5,576,241	5,94	8,318		372,077
1200 Change in Net Position		-		627,474	2,042	2,554		1,415,080
0100 Total Net Position - September 1		190,523		100,523	190	0,523		90,000
3000 Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	190,523	\$	727,997	\$ 2,233	3,077	\$	1,505,080

WAXAHACHIE ISD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

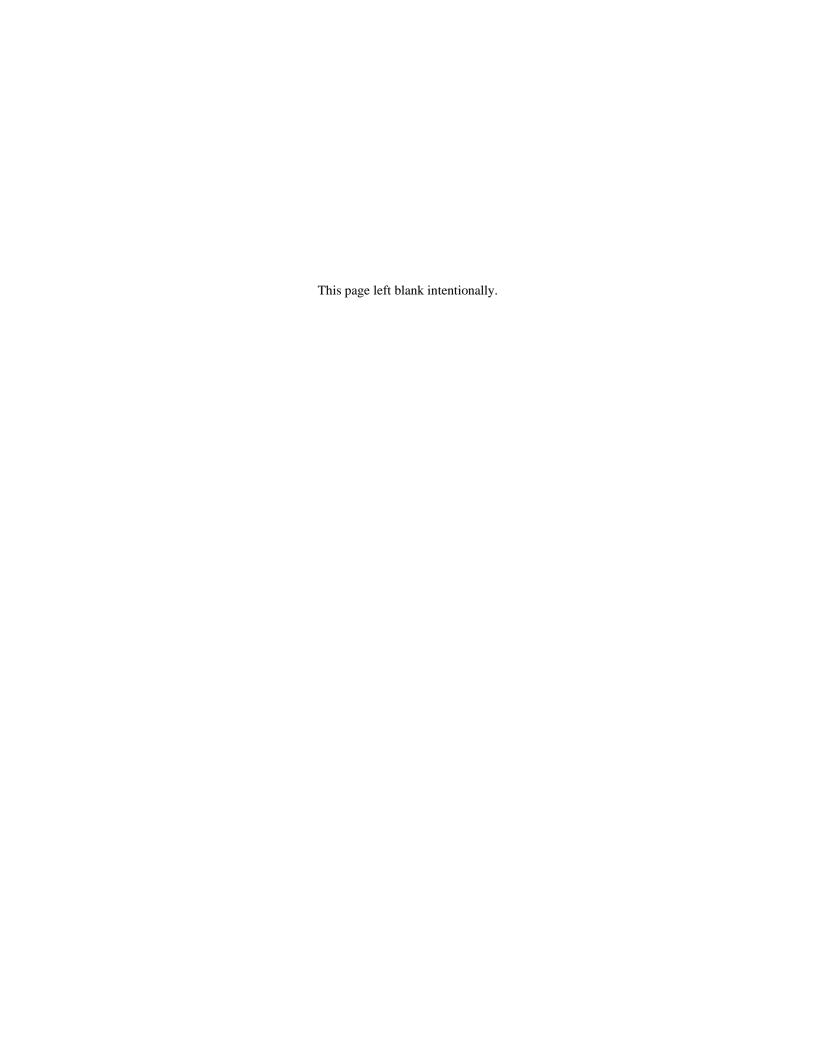
Data Control		Budgeted	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	O	riginal	Final	_	((Negative)
REVENUES:						
 Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues 	\$	21,824,079 209,788 100,000	\$ 22,015,346 265,756 100,000	265,754	\$	66,623 - 8,079
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		22,133,867	22,381,100	22,455,802		74,702
 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 		6,000,000 16,339,977 6,500	9,061,703 13,381,89 6,500	9,188,604		(4,193,292) 4,193,293 1,964
Total Expenditures		22,346,477	22,450,10	5 22,448,140		1,965
Net Change in Fund BalancesFund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		(212,610) 4,085,392	(69,005 4,085,392			76,667 -
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3,872,782	\$ 4,016,38	7 \$ 4,093,054	\$	76,667

WAXAHACHIE ISD

STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	No
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	6,989,047
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	2,298,217
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	No
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	605,255
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	798,583





Michael G. Vail, CPA Charlie Park, CPA Matt P. Chen, CPA Charles T. Gregg, CPA Don E. Graves, CPA Dinesh Pai, CISA Members:
American Institute of CPAs (AICPA)
AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center (GAQC)
AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center (EBPAQC)
Texas Society of CPAs (TXCPA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees **Waxahachie Independent School District** Waxahachie, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waxahachie Independent School, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waxahachie Independent School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Waxahachie Independent School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waxahachie Independent School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waxahachie Independent School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Waxahachie Independent School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*..

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson, Texas January 17, 2023

Vail + Park, P.C.

Michael G. Vail, CPA Charlie Park, CPA Matt P. Chen, CPA Charles T. Gregg, CPA Don E. Graves, CPA Dinesh Pai, CISA Members:
American Institute of CPAs (AICPA)
AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center (GAQC)
AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center (EBPAQC)
Texas Society of CPAs (TXCPA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Trustees Waxahachie Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Waxahachie Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Example School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The Example School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Example School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Example School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Example School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Example School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Example School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Example School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Example School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson, Texas

Vail + Park, P.C.

January 17, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Summary of Auditor's Results:

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Financ	C18 l	State	ments

•	An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.		
•	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	Yes	X None reported
•	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted.	Yes	XNo
N	Major Federal Programs		
•	Internal control over major federal programs:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	Yes	X None reported
•	An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for major federal p	orograms.	
•	Any audit findings disclosed that were required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X_No
•	Identification of major federal programs:		
	 Child Nutrition Cluster Title I, part A IDEA, Part B Education Stabilization Funds 	10.553 & 10.555 84.010 84.027 84.425	
•	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs.	<u>8750,000</u>	
•	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.	X Yes	No

Schedule of Status of Prior Findings For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Status of Prior Year's		
Program		Finding/Noncompliance	
	-NONE-		

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Program	<u></u>	Corrective Action Plan
		NONE	
Contact Person:	Mr. Ryan Kahlden Chief Financial Officer		

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Texas Education Agency			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs *IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.010A 84.027	S010A200043 H027A200008	\$ 1,116,050 1,946,065
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool *IDEA B Discretionary	84.173 84.173	H173A190004 H173A200004	30,380 26,475
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			56,855
*IDEA-B Formula-ARP	84.392	H027X210008	307,940
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,310,860
Vocal Ed Basic Grant	84.048	V0488A200043	81,443
Eng Lang Acquisition/Enhancemt ESEA, Title II, Part A - Formula Grants	84.365A 84.367A	S365A200043 S367A200041	62,164 431,982
ESSER II	84.425D	S425D210042	1,879,617
ESSER III Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425	84.425D	S425D210042	4,727,369 6,606,986
*TCLAS- ESSER III	84.386	S425D210042	60,907
TCLAS- ESSER III	84.424A	S424A200045	74,547
	84.369A	S369A190045	2,949
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			10,747,888
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			10,747,888
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	202121N109946	1,223,663
*National School Lunch Program *National School Lunch Program - Donated Commodities	10.555 10.565	202120N109946 N/A	4,255,404 460,340
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.303	10/21	5,939,407
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			5,939,407
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			5,939,407
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 16,687,295

^{*}Clustered Programs

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

- 1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's "Financial Accountability System Resource Guide". Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance is generally accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund that is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred expenditures until earned.

3. The District participates in numerous Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, in any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

^j In accordance with 2 CFR section 200.515, a reference to the Uniform Guidance has been added to the references to GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* in the Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program section.